Becky Oliver (UKCEH), Lina Mercado (Exeter University / UKCEH), Karina Williams (Met. Office)

JULES-CNP (Lina Mercado, Alex Kurganskiy ... et. al..) Exeter University, UKCEH

Progress running JULES-CNP for the Amazon and initial evaluation with site level data.

Progress running JULES-CNP at the BiFOR FACE site – see Alex's talk – with wider regional runs planned.

JULES-sugar (Simon Jones) Exeter University

JULES-sugar improves seasonal growth dynamics at the BiFOR FACE site. Evaluation using tree ring data

OptFor-EU (Karina Williams) Met. Office (https://optforeu.eu): OPTimising FORest management decisions for a low-carbon, climate resilient future in Europe

The project aims to support decisions for EU forestry that increase the capacity of forests to mitigate and adapt to climate change.

JULES-crop (Lirong You)

Developing a better response to high temperatures for wheat with JULES-crop.

SMART DECISIONS **FOREST MANAGEMENT**



The 4-year project 'OPTimising FORest management decisions for a low-carbon, climate resilient future in Europe' (OptFor-EU) will support EU forests in their capacity to mitigate and adapt to climate change. How? From science to practice, with a usercentred Decision Support System (DSS) assisting decisionmaking. OptFor-EU will work on management practices, ecosystem service provision and CO sink provided by forests, enhancing forest resilience and its capacities to mitigate climate change.





8 case studies across European forests in Austria, Germany, Italy, Lithuania, Norway, Romania, Spain and The UK.

OptFor-EU builds on state-of-the-art datasets, modelling outputs and integrated solutions to co-develop with forest stakeholders the first DSS providing suitable climate adaptation and mitigation options for science-based optimising forest ecosystem services across Europe.

The DSS will enable European forest stakeholders to get an enhanced understanding of potential changes in forest processes, ecosystem services, vulnerabilities, costs, and adaptive capacities for a range of forest management practices, and socioeconomic and climate scenarios, and to select management practices most appropriate to achieve their goals, including:

mitigating and adapting to climate change

maintaining and increasing biodiversity



boosting circular forest economy



adopting Nature Based Solutions



integrating socio-economic considerations and



forest protection and restoration, through afforestation and reforestation.



partners from

countries

workshops

STAY IN TOUCH!

www.optforeu.eu

contact@optforeu.eu



@OptForEU



CARMINE (Debbie Hemming, Steffi Urhausen) Met. Office (https://carmine-project.eu/) : Climate-Resilient Development Pathways in Metropolitan Regions of Europe

1. Understand if tree cover can improve the resilience to climate hazards (e.g. surface water flooding and high

surface temperature).

2. UK case study on Birmingham.

3. Developing a digital twin.

UK Case Study: Birmingham urban area

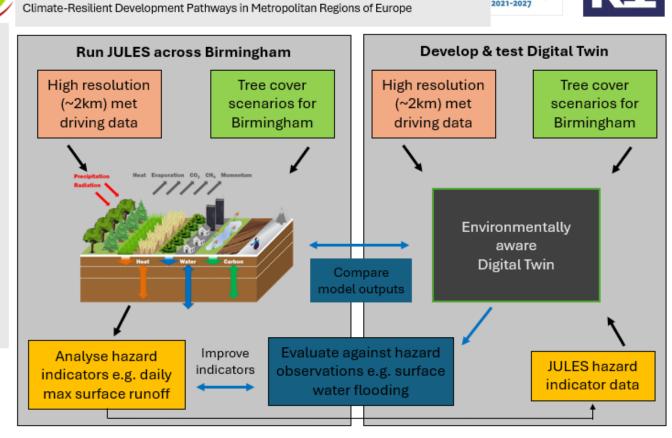
Birmingham University & Met Office

Question:

Can tree cover improve the resilience of Birmingham to climate hazards?

- Priority hazards:
 - surface water flooding
 - high surface temperature
- Process modelling using JULES & development of Digital Twin models





Horizon Europe

Urban trees (Sophia Cunningham) Sheffield University
Measuring traits in urban tree species to parameterise urban tree PFTs in JULES. Regional runs under future climate scenarios to explore trade-off between water-use and carbon sequestration.

Light acclimation (Xuan Gui) National University of Singapore / UKCEH Assessing the impact of light acclimation of photosynthesis on the global carbon cycle using the JULES-ES-ISIMP suite.

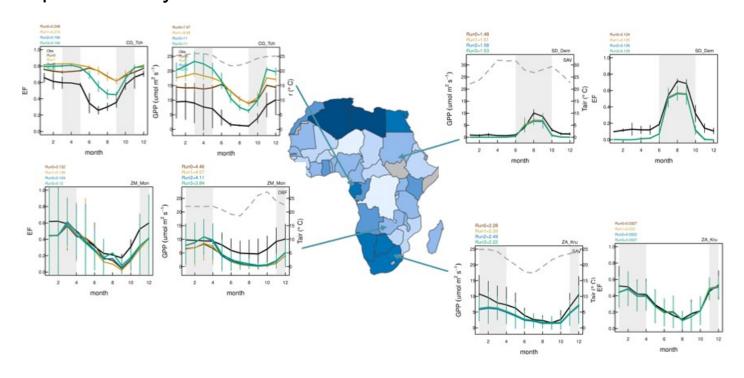
Variation of photosynthetic capacity and respiration

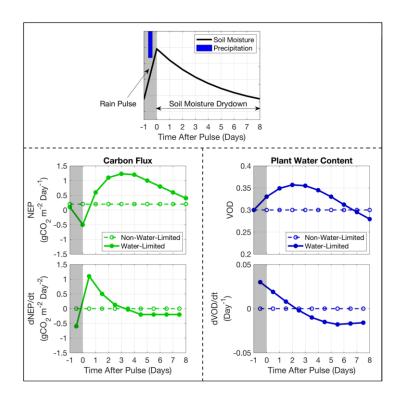
(Phil Harris, Becky Oliver, Lina Mercado...) UKCEH, Exeter University Photosynthetic capacity parameters *Vcmax* and *Jmax* vary with time of day, not just temperature. Bruhn et al., (2022) also show that nocturnal respiration also varies through the night independent of temperature. We are doing work to implement these processes into JULES to assess the impact of these circadian rhythms on modelled carbon stores using the ISIMIP suite.

JULES at African Savanna ecosystems (Becky Oliver,

Eleanor Blyth...) UKCEH

Using JULES to simulate African savanna ecosystems at flux tower sites. We'll evaluate the model by looking at the behaviour of GPP in response to dry-drown events.





Water Resources Research

Research Article 🙃 Open Access 💿 🕦

Landscape-Scale Plant Water Content and Carbon Flux Behavior Following Moisture Pulses: From Dryland to Mesic Environments

Andrew F. Feldman 💌 Apisada Chulakadabba, Daniel I, Short Gianotti, Dara Entekhabi

JULES-SIF (Tristan Quaife, Natalie Douglas, Patrick McGuire) University of Reading NCEO/NCAS

- 1. JULES-SIF predicts canopy-leaving chlorophyll fluorescence from plants closely related to GPP.
- 2. Can make predictions at arbitrary wavelengths to simulate different satellite missions
- 3. Results submitted to SIFMIP
- 4. Uses a modified version of JULES that has new diagnostics *per canopy layer*
 - 1. SIF calculations then done off-line
 - 2. Have started process of getting the new diagnostics into the trunk
- 5. We have also been involved in implementing the same approach in BETHY (published) and QUINCY (in-prep)

JULES SIF schematic

